

**MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper
for the guidance of teachers**

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/22

Paper 2 (AS Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

- CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



2 (a)

element	particle	formula
copper	cation	Cu ²⁺ allow Cu ⁺
argon	atom or molecule	Ar

one mark for each correct row **or** column (2 × 1) [2]

(b) **Cu** cations held in 'sea' of delocalised electrons (1)
by strong metallic bonds (1)
Ar van der Waals' forces between molecules (1)
which are weak (1) [4]

(c) (i) oxidising agent **or** electron acceptor (1)
Ar has very high first I.E
or E_a for reaction is very high
or Ar has full valency shell/complete octet (1) [2]

(d) from Ne to Xe more electrons in atom (1)
hence more induced dipoles/van der Waals' forces (1) [2]

[Total: 10]

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2010	9701	22

3 (a)

oxide	Na ₂ O	MgO	Al ₂ O ₃	SiO ₂	P ₄ O ₆	SO ₂
bonding	ionic	ionic	ionic/covalent	covalent	covalent	covalent
structure	giant	giant	giant	giant	simple	simple

(i) fully correct 'bonding' row (1)

(ii) fully correct 'structure' row (1) [2]

(b) Al₂O₃ or SiO₂ (1) [1]

(c) (i) Na₂O Na₂O + H₂O → 2NaOH (1)
pH 10–14 (1)

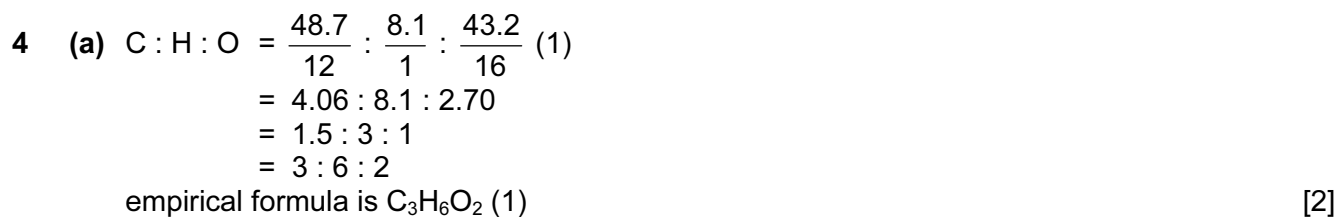
SO₂ SO₂ + H₂O → H₂SO₃ (1)
pH 2–5 (1)

(ii) NaOH + H₂SO₃ → NaHSO₃ + H₂O
or 2NaOH + H₂SO₃ → Na₂SO₃ + 2H₂O (1) [5]

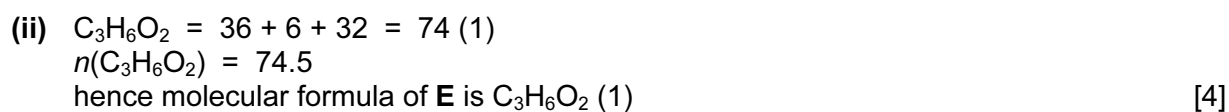
(d) MgO(l) conducts (1)
MgO(l) contains free/mobile ions (1)
SiO₂(l) does not conduct (1)
SiO₂(l) has no free ions (1) [4]

[Total: 12]

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2010	9701	22



(b) (i) $M_r = \frac{mRT}{pV} = \frac{0.13 \times 8.31 \times 400}{1.00 \times 10^5 \times 58.0 \times 10^{-6}}$ (1)
 $= 74.5$ (1)



(c) structures of **F** are

$HCO_2CH(CH_3)_2$	$HCO_2CH_2CH_2CH_3$	$CH_3CO_2CH_2CH_3$	$CH_3CH_2CO_2CH_3$
S	T	U	V

each correct structure is worth one mark (3×1) [3]



(ii) carboxylic acid **not** 'acid' (1) [2]

(e) (i) aldehyde (1)

(ii) must be a primary alcohol (1)

(iii) CH_3OH **or** CH_3CH_2OH **or** $CH_3CH_2CH_2OH$ (1) [3]

(f) (i) **S** (1)

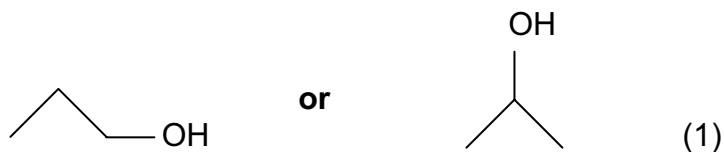
(ii) only **S** is **not** the ester of a primary alcohol
or only **S** is the ester of a secondary alcohol (1) [2]

[Total: 16]

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2010	9701	22

5 (a) (i) propan-1-ol **or** propan-2-ol (1)

(ii)



(iii) dehydration **or** elimination (1) [3]

(b) (i) carbon (1)
by decomposition/cracking of the alcohol (1)

(ii) to avoid 'sucking back' of water into the hot tube (1)

(iii) SiO₂ (1)

(iv) conc. H₂SO₄ **or** P₄O₁₀ **or** Al₂O₃ **or** H₃PO₄ (1) [5]

(c) (i) CH₃CHBrCH₂Br (1)

(ii) CH₃CH(OH)CH₂OH (1)

(iii) CH₃CO₂H (1) [3]

(d) (i) (very) high pressure **or** Ziegler-Natta catalyst (1)

(ii) does not biodegrade **or** gives harmful combustion products (1) [2]

[Total: 13]